

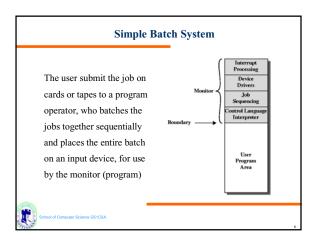
Types of Operating Systems

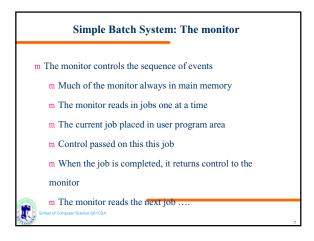
Interactive - user interacts directly with the computer (via keyboard and display terminal) to request the execution of a job (program)

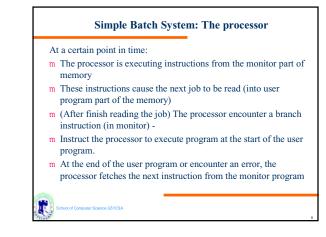
Batch - multiple programs batched together and submitted by an operator

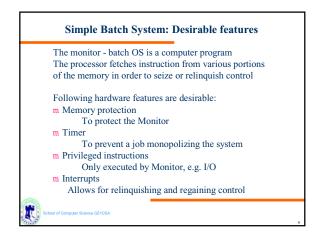
Multiprogramming - the computer works on more than one program at a time, also known as multitasking

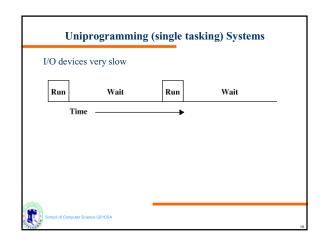
Uniprogramming - works on one program at a time

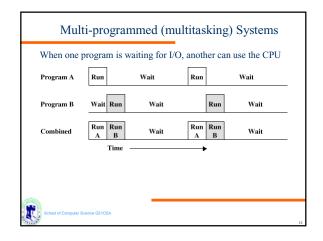




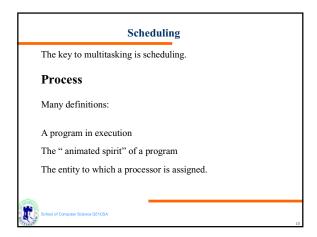


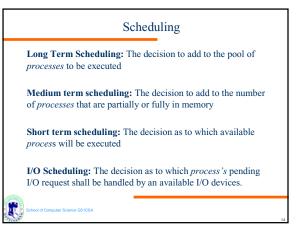


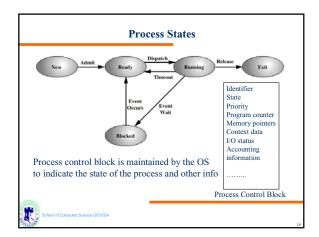


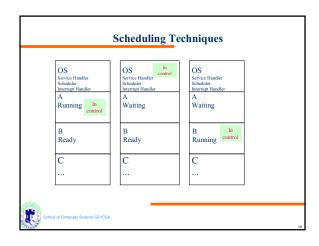


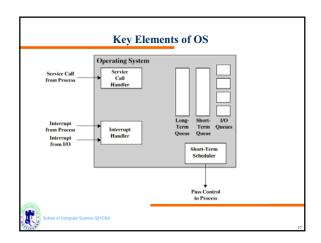


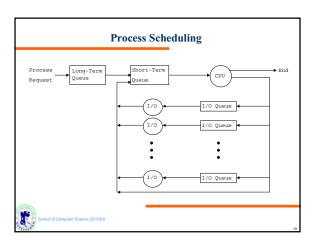


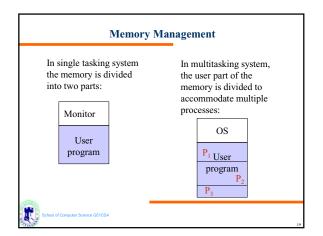


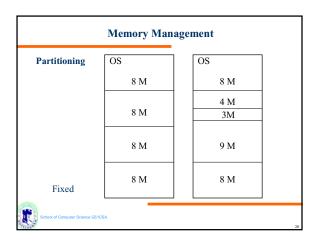


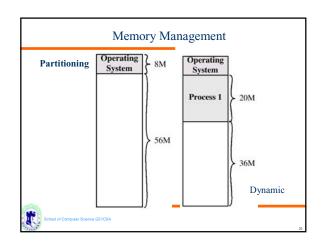


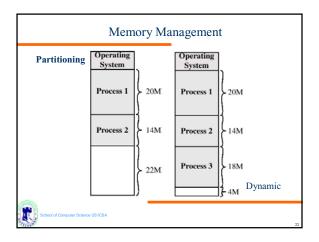




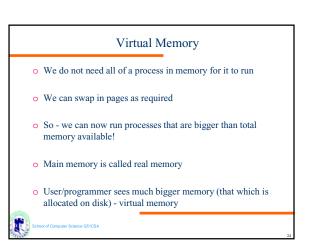


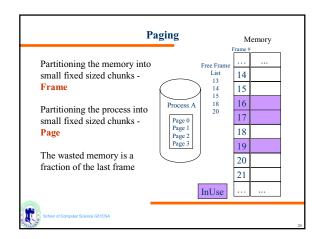


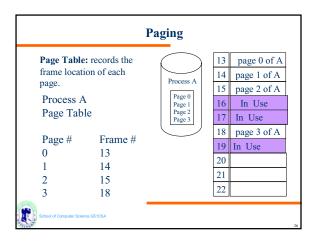


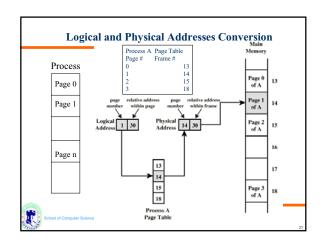


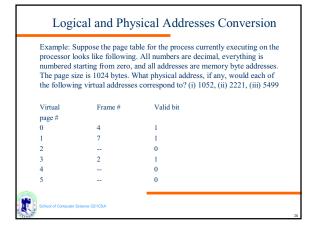
Logical and Physical Addresses Logic address: Expressed as a location relative to the beginning of the program. Instructions in the program only contains logical addresses. Physical Address: Actual location in the memory. When executing a program, the logical addresses are automatically converted into physical addresses

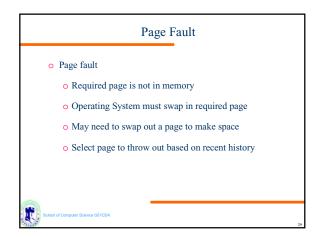


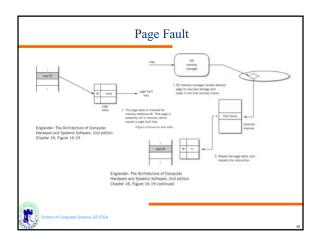














- J First-In, First-Out page replacement (FIFO)
- J Least recently used page replacement (LRU)
- J Least frequently used page replacement (LFU)



Thrashing

- Thrashing
 - J Too many processes in too little memory
 - J Operating System spends all its time swapping
 - J Little or no real work is done
 - J Disk light is on all the time
- Solutions
 - **J** Good page replacement algorithms
 - J Reduce number of processes running
 - J Fit more memory



An example

Assume that a program is to be executed on a computer with virtual storage. The machine supports 10,000 words of logical memory overall, broken into pages of 100 words each. This particular machine contains 400 physical memory locations. Suppose that the machine starts to execute a program. The page table is initially empty, and is filled as necessary. Suppose that the program references the following sequence of memory locations: start 951, 952, 4730, 955, 2217, 3663, 2217, 4785, 957, 2401, 959, 2496,3510, 962 end

Indicate the points at which page faults will occur and show the page table at the end of the sequence for each of the following demand page replacement algorithms:

FIFO

LRU

LFU

